

## Steps for Root Cause Analysis In Response to a Behavioral Health Adverse Event

## This template is provided as an aid to organizing the steps in a root cause analysis.

As an aid to avoiding "loose ends," the three columns on the right are provided to be checked off for later reference:

- "Root cause?" should be answered "Yes" or "No" for each finding. A root cause is typically a finding related to a process or system that has a potential for redesign to reduce risk.
- If a particular finding that is relevant to the event is not a root cause, be sure that it is addressed later in the analysis with a "Why?" question. Each finding that is identified as a root cause should be considered for an action and addressed in the action plan.
- "Ask Why?" should be checked off whenever it is reasonable to ask why the particular finding occurred or didn't occur when it should have. It is expected that any significant findings that are not identified as root causes themselves have "roots." Drill down further by asking why five times. Each item checked in this column should be addressed later in the analysis with a "Why?" question.
- "Take action?" should be checked for any finding that can reasonably be considered for a risk-reduction strategy. Each item checked in this column should be addressed later in the action plan. It will be helpful to write the number of the associated Action Item on page 5 in the "Take Action?" column for each of the findings that requires an action.

Describe your root cause analysis for all Category A Member Behavioral Health Adverse Events. Fill in the blanks for the questions asked using the form below.

The three columns on the right are provided to be checked:

- "Root cause?" should be answered "yes" or "no" for each finding. A root cause is typically a finding related to a process or system. Be sure that it is addressed in the analysis with a "Why?" question. Each finding that is identified as a root cause should be considered for an action and addressed in the action plan.
- "Ask Why?" should be checked off whenever it is reasonable to ask why the particular finding occurred. Each item checked in this column should be addressed in the analysis with five "Why?" questions. It is expected that any significant findings that are not identified as root causes have "roots."



• "Take action?" should be checked for any finding that can reasonably be considered for a risk reduction strategy. Each item checked in this column should be addressed in the action plan. It will be helpful to write the number of the associated Action Item on page 5 in the "Take Action?" column for each of the findings that requires an action.

Level of Analysis		<u>Questions</u> <u>Findings</u>		Root Cause?	Ask "Why?"	<u>Take</u> Action
What happened?	Behavioral Event	What are the details of the event? (brief description)		cause:		
		When did the event occur? (Date, day of week, time)				
		What area/service was impacted?				
		When did you learn of the event?				
Why did it happen?	The process or activity in which the event occurred.	What are the steps in the process, as designed? (A flow diagram may be helpful here)				
What were the most proximate factors?		What steps were involved in (contributed to) the event?				
(Typically "special cause" variation) Systems of human factors such as	Human factors	What human factors were relevant to the outcome?				



inadequate staffing, lack of training or communication breakdown.						
Family, housing, work	Social factors	How did the member's social situation affect the outcome?				
Coordination of services, level of care, or ISP	Controllable treatment factors	What factors directly affected the outcome?				
<u>Level of</u>	Analysis	<u>Questions</u>	<u>Findings</u>	Root Cause?	<u>Ask</u> "Why?"	<u>Take</u> Action
Legal, courts, police	Uncontrollable external factors	Are they truly beyond the organization's control?				
	Other	Are there any other factors that have directly influenced this outcome?				
		What other areas or services are impacted?				
Why did that happen? What systems and processes underlie those proximate factors?	Human Resources issues	To what degree is staff properly qualified and currently competent for their responsibilities?				
(Common cause variation here may lead to special cause variation in		How did actual staffing compare with ideal levels?				



dependent processes) May want to stratify processes.						
		What are the plans for dealing with contingencies that would tend to reduce effective staffing levels?				
		How can orientation and inservice training be improved?				
		To what degree is staff performance in the process(es) addressed?				
<u>Level of</u>	Analysis Analysis	<u>Questions</u>	<u>Findings</u>	Root Cause?	Ask "Why?"	<u>Take</u> Action
	Communication and Information management issues	To what degree is all necessary information available when needed? Accurate? Complete? Unambiguous?				
		To what degree is communication among participants adequate?				
	Environmental management issues	communication among				



	risks?		
	What emergency and failure-mode responses have been planned and tested?		
-Encouragement of communication	What are the barriers to communication of potential risk factors?		
-Clear communication of priorities	To what degree is the prevention of adverse outcomes communicated as a high priority? How?		
Uncontrollable factors	What can be done to protect against the effects of these uncontrollable factors?		

Root Cause	Risk Reduction Actions: include process steps and the responsible person by title only	Target date
If after consideration of such a finding, a decision is made not to implement an associated risk-reduction strategy, indicate the rationale for not taking action at this time.	Action Item #1:	
Consider whether pilot testing of a planned improvement should be conducted.	Action Item #2:	



Improvements to reduce risk should ultimately be implemented in all areas where applicable, not just where the event occurred. Identify where the improvements will be implemented.	Action Item #3:	
Cite any books or journal articles that were considered in developing this analysis and action plan:	Action Item #4:	
	Action Item #5:	
	Action Item #6:	



## **Complete This Form with Your Root Cause Analysis**

From your root cause analysis and risk reduction plan, what organization may have responsibility for a risk reduction action identified in the table below? Check the boxes that apply for organizations listed A – C below.

From your casual analysis where the risk reduction plan is targeted for your organization and is not detailed in your risk reduction plan, enter the target dates (D), persons responsible (E) and position of responsible person (F).

If an item does not apply, leave it blank. Send this form to AMHD with the root cause analysis.

Risk Reduction A	ction He	A. alth Plan	B. Legal System	C. Provider Services	D. Target Date	E. Person responsible	F. Title of responsible person
a. Establish staff competency st							
b. Implement evi based best pra							
c. Train staff							
d. Educate family	′						
e. Increase freque	ency of						
f. Increase medic monitoring	cation						
g. Facilitate acces psychiatrist	ss to						
h. Use one-to-on	e services						
i. Increase level (	of care						
j. Access CBI fun	ds						
k. Collaborate wi Coordinator	th MISA						



I.	Collaborate with Forensic Coordinator						
	Collaborate with Probation/Police Officer						
n.	Collaborate with other agencies						
Risk	-Reduction Action	A. Health Plan	B. Legal System	C. Provider Services	D. Target Date	E. Person responsible	F. Title of responsible person
0.	Communicate with court system						
p.	Revise ISP						
q.	Increase participation in treatment team						
r.	Increase clinical staff supervision						
S.	Change agency policy and procedures						
t.	Request Health Plan technical assistance						
u.	Other (specify)						
Include	e any additional inforn	nation here.					



Signature:	Date:	
Program Manager:	Date:	
Senior Program Administrator:	Date:	
Provider Quality Management Coordinator:	Date:	
Ohana Health Plan Director of Behavioral Health:	Date:	
'Ohana Health Plan Director of Behavioral Health:		
Ohana Health Plan Clinical Medical Director:	Date:	
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