# National Immunisation Program Schedule

## From February 2016

### Child programs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Vaccine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Birth     | • Hepatitis B (hepB)
            | • Hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (whooping cough), *Haemophilus influenzae* type b, inactivated poliomyelitis (polio) (hepB-DTPa-Hib-IPV)
            | • Pneumococcal conjugate (13vPCV)
            | • Rotavirus                                                             |
| 2 months  | • Hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (whooping cough), *Haemophilus influenzae* type b, inactivated poliomyelitis (polio) (hepB-DTPa-Hib-IPV)
            | • Pneumococcal conjugate (13vPCV)
            | • Rotavirus                                                             |
| 4 months  | • Hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (whooping cough), *Haemophilus influenzae* type b, inactivated poliomyelitis (polio) (hepB-DTPa-Hib-IPV)
            | • Pneumococcal conjugate (13vPCV)
            | • Rotavirus                                                             |
| 6 months  | • Hepatitis B, diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (whooping cough), *Haemophilus influenzae* type b, inactivated poliomyelitis (polio) (hepB-DTPa-Hib-IPV)
            | • Pneumococcal conjugate (13vPCV)
            | • Rotavirus                                                             |
| 12 months | • *Haemophilus influenzae* type b and meningococcal C (Hib-MenC)
            | • Measles, mumps and rubella (MMR)                                       |
| 18 months | • Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (whooping cough) (DTPa)
            | • Measles, mumps, rubella and varicella (chickenpox) (MMRV)             |
| 4 years   | • Diphtheria, tetanus, acellular pertussis (whooping cough) and inactivated poliomyelitis (polio) (DTPa-IPV)
            | • Measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) (to be given only if MMRV vaccine was not given at 18 months) |

### School programs

10–15 years (contact your State or Territory Health Department for details)

- Varicella (chickenpox)
- Human papillomavirus (HPV)
- Diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis (whooping cough) (dTpa)

### At-risk groups

#### Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders

12–18 months (in high risk areas)

- Pneumococcal conjugate (13vPCV)

12–24 months (in high risk areas)

- Hepatitis A

6 months to less than 5 years

- Influenza (flu)

15 years and over

- Influenza (flu)
- Pneumococcal polysaccharide (23vPPV) (medically at risk)

50 years and over

- Pneumococcal polysaccharide (23vPPV)

### Other at-risk groups

6 months and over (people with medical conditions placing them at risk of serious complications of influenza)

- Influenza (flu)

12 months (medically at risk)

- Pneumococcal conjugate (13vPCV)

4 years (medically at risk)

- Pneumococcal polysaccharide (23vPPV)

Pregnant women (at any stage of pregnancy)

- Influenza (flu)

65 years and over

- Influenza (flu)
- Pneumococcal polysaccharide (23vPPV)

* Please refer to reverse for footnotes
Footnotes to the National Immunisation Program (NIP) Schedule

a. Hepatitis B vaccine: should be given to all infants as soon as practicable after birth. The greatest benefit is if given within 24 hours, and must be given within 7 days.
b. Rotavirus vaccine: third dose of vaccine is dependent on vaccine brand used. Contact your State or Territory Health Department for details.
c. Varicella vaccine: contact your State or Territory Health Department for details on the school grade eligible for vaccination.
d. HPV vaccine: is for all adolescents aged between 12 and 13 years. Contact your State or Territory Health Department for details on the school grade eligible for vaccination.
e. Pneumococcal vaccine:
   i. Medically at risk children require a fourth dose of 13vPCV at 12 months of age and a booster dose of 23vPPV at 4 years of age.
   ii. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children require a fourth dose of pneumococcal vaccine (13vPCV) at 12-18 months of age for children living in high risk areas (Queensland, Northern Territory, Western Australia and South Australia). Contact your State or Territory Health Department for details.
f. Hepatitis A vaccine: two doses of Hepatitis A vaccine for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children living in high risk areas (Queensland, Northern Territory, Western Australia and South Australia). Contact your State or Territory Health Department for details.

Further information

Further information and immunisation resources are available from the Immunise Australia Program website at www.immunise.health.gov.au or by contacting the infoline on 1800 671 811.

You should contact your State or Territory Health Department for further information on the program specific to your State or Territory:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State/Territory</th>
<th>Contact Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australian Capital Territory</td>
<td>(02) 6205 2300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New South Wales</td>
<td>1300 066 055</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northern Territory</td>
<td>(08) 8922 8044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Queensland</td>
<td>13 HEALTH (13 4325 84)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Australia</td>
<td>1300 232 272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tasmania</td>
<td>1800 671 738</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victoria</td>
<td>1300 882 008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western Australia</td>
<td>(08) 9321 1312</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>